

U.S. Population

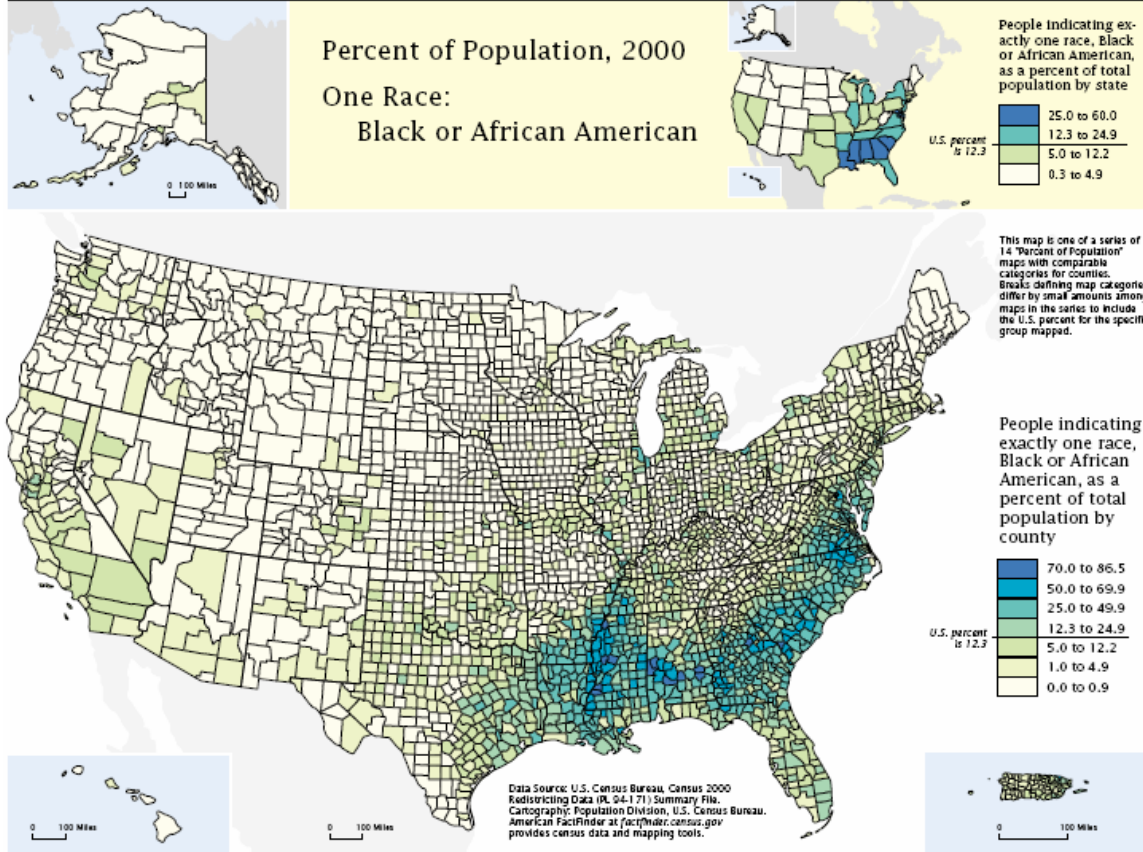
Estimates of the Population by Race Alone or in Combination and Hispanic or Latino Origin for the United States and States: July 1, 2006

<http://www.census.gov/Press-Release/www/releases/archives/cb07-70tbl2.pdf>

Geographic Area	Total Population	Black or African-American alone or in combination	American Indian and Alaska Native alone or in combination	Asian alone or in combination	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone or in combination	Hispanic	White Alone Not Hispanic
United States	299,398,484	40,240,898	4,497,895	14,907,198	1,007,644	44,321,038	198,744,494
Alabama	4,599,030	1,228,083	46,537	51,680	3,588	113,890	3,174,664
Alaska	670,053	33,120	121,665	40,615	6,294	37,548	444,894
Arizona	6,166,318	289,202	331,166	181,534	20,100	1,803,378	3,679,787
Arkansas	2,810,872	453,662	41,868	35,639	4,169	141,053	2,148,894
California	36,457,549	2,706,205	688,547	4,961,633	260,225	13,074,156	15,722,701
Colorado	4,753,377	227,497	88,002	156,035	12,690	934,413	3,409,723
Connecticut	3,504,809	385,748	26,928	130,764	5,215	391,935	2,622,370
Delaware	853,476	185,493	6,653	26,617	839	53,835	588,753
District of Columbia	581,530	334,267	5,199	21,558	932	47,774	184,255
Florida	18,089,888	2,971,181	153,650	476,306	33,902	3,646,499	11,092,932
Georgia	9,363,941	2,854,474	67,206	294,892	13,853	703,246	5,518,248
Hawaii	1,285,498	44,669	25,445	714,440	274,766	99,663	316,912
Idaho	1,466,465	13,855	30,703	23,655	3,556	138,870	1,266,216
Illinois	12,831,970	1,997,141	81,642	592,568	15,024	1,886,933	8,373,496
Indiana	6,313,520	599,813	41,735	99,402	5,320	300,857	5,296,264
Iowa	2,982,085	88,242	19,802	53,904	2,548	114,700	2,713,693
Kansas	2,764,075	185,582	47,690	70,942	3,565	237,426	2,240,900
Kentucky	4,206,074	337,894	25,995	50,068	3,417	85,938	3,716,338
Louisiana	4,287,768	1,375,461	44,157	70,794	3,488	124,481	2,694,097
Maine	1,321,574	14,864	13,553	14,800	806	13,529	1,266,443
Maryland	5,615,727	1,705,728	42,961	307,644	7,563	337,341	3,282,279
Massachusetts	6,437,193	491,336	41,392	340,404	10,534	511,014	5,150,232
Michigan	10,095,643	1,518,332	122,254	271,840	8,438	393,281	7,846,335
Minnesota	5,167,101	268,943	83,947	203,028	6,722	196,135	4,440,204
Mississippi	2,910,540	1,091,110	22,547	28,169	2,300	53,381	1,726,158
Missouri	5,842,713	706,546	63,020	100,831	8,435	164,194	4,825,978
Montana	944,632	6,999	70,527	9,001	1,118	23,818	837,763
Nebraska	1,768,331	87,462	23,691	34,858	2,054	130,304	1,500,725
Nevada	2,495,529	217,490	52,463	178,668	22,200	610,052	1,468,717
New Hampshire	1,314,895	18,336	8,600	28,383	901	29,872	1,233,144
New Jersey	8,724,560	1,326,160	57,847	690,154	13,301	1,364,696	5,457,733
New Mexico	1,954,599	58,766	207,341	34,856	4,212	860,688	836,006
New York	19,306,183	3,519,135	188,153	1,427,559	38,481	3,139,456	11,677,402
North Carolina	8,856,505	1,972,357	144,812	190,808	10,869	593,896	6,015,095
North Dakota	635,867	7,570	37,697	6,625	479	10,637	574,818
Ohio	11,478,006	1,460,770	76,764	207,091	8,229	267,750	9,514,321
Oklahoma	3,579,212	311,770	397,041	75,525	6,523	247,450	2,581,367
Oregon	3,700,758	91,260	89,982	164,486	18,767	379,038	2,996,271
Pennsylvania	12,440,621	1,410,946	58,271	323,309	11,158	526,976	10,216,147
Rhode Island	1,067,610	76,759	11,734	33,249	2,202	117,701	849,722
South Carolina	4,321,249	1,274,166	31,634	60,670	4,637	151,289	2,826,765
South Dakota	781,919	10,702	72,298	8,109	648	16,773	676,883
Tennessee	6,038,803	1,046,674	44,307	94,449	5,600	194,706	4,681,190
Texas	23,507,783	2,908,563	267,281	881,542	43,644	8,385,139	11,351,060
Utah	2,550,063	36,674	43,444	65,270	25,675	286,113	2,114,355
Vermont	623,908	6,155	6,242	8,325	293	7,135	596,969
Virginia	7,642,884	1,579,160	58,454	412,760	12,391	479,530	5,174,897
Washington	6,395,798	288,828	165,131	505,871	49,403	581,357	4,895,065
West Virginia	1,818,470	67,499	11,155	14,475	993	16,767	1,710,410
Wisconsin	5,556,506	361,640	72,351	126,135	4,876	258,696	4,761,269
Wyoming	515,004	6,609	16,411	5,258	701	35,729	453,634

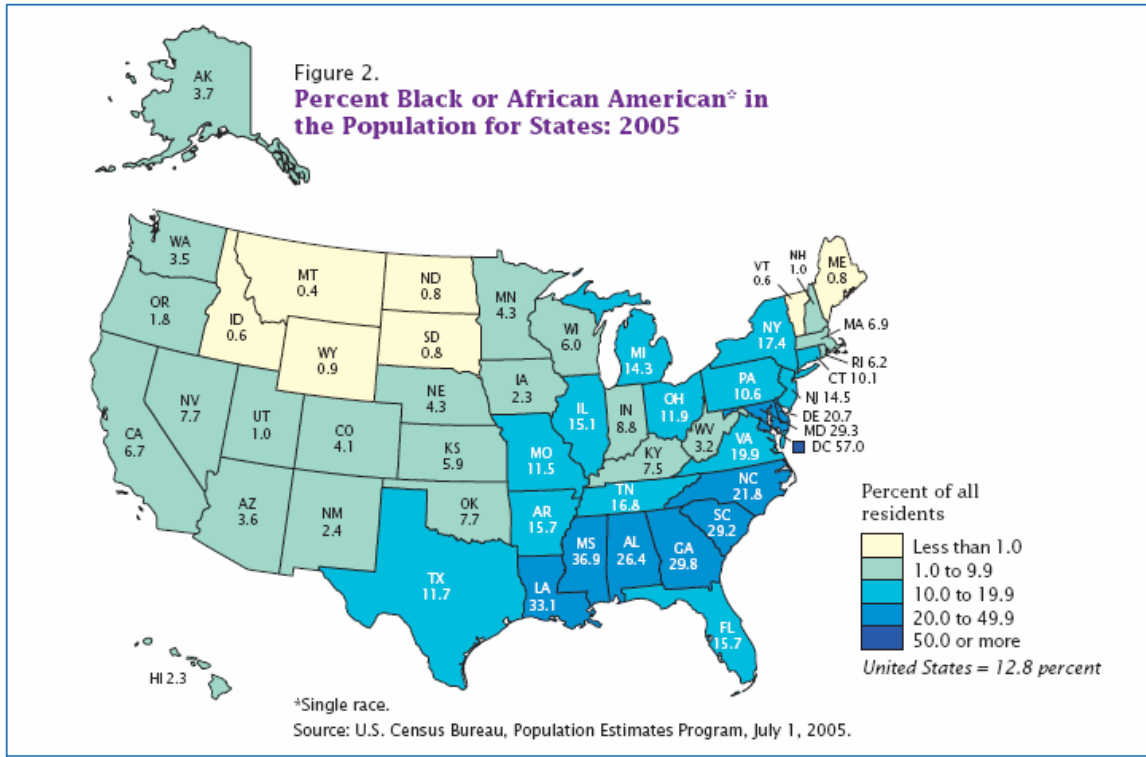
U.S. Census Bureau: Black or African American Population in the U.S.

<http://www.census.gov/population/www/cen2000/atlas/pdf/censr01-106.pdf>



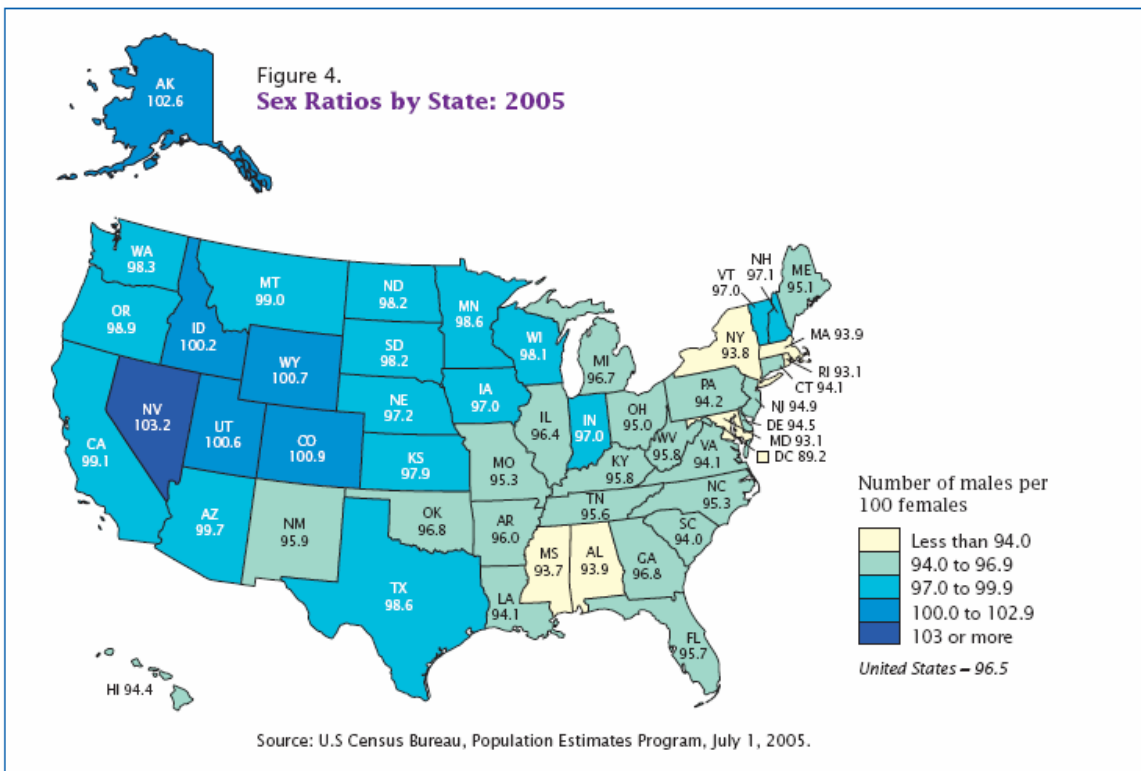
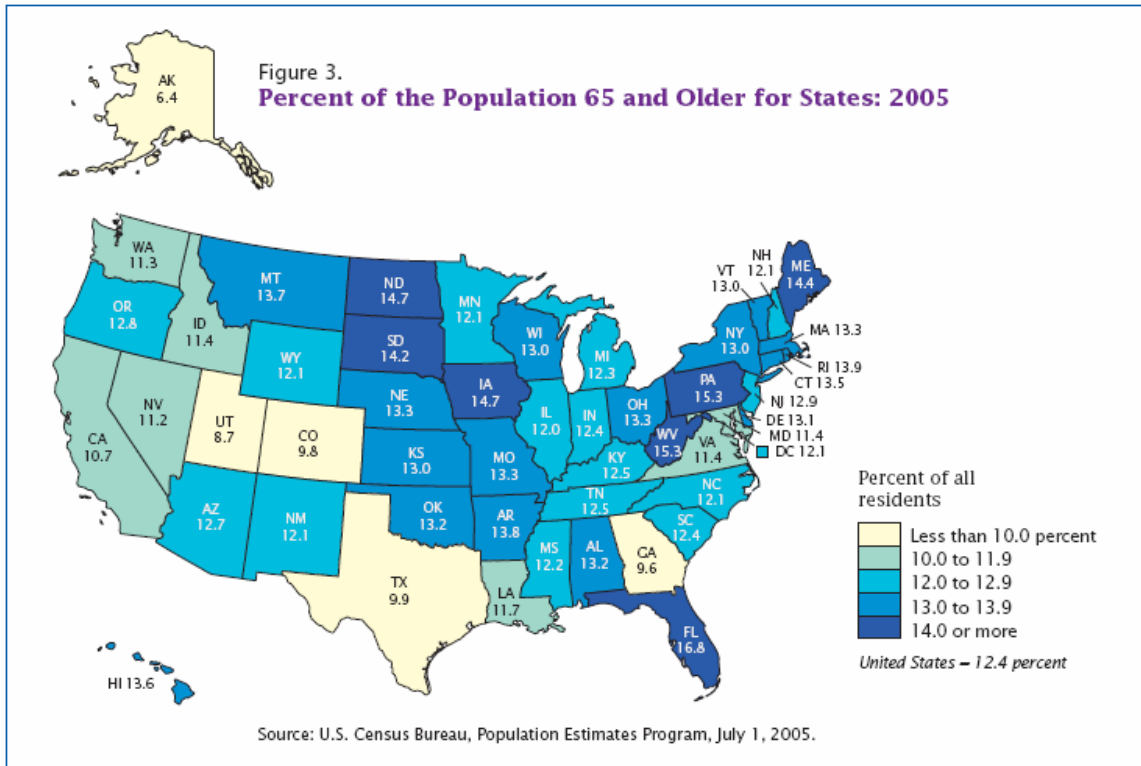
U.S. Census Bureau: RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN IN 2005

<http://www.census.gov/population/www/pop-profile/files/dynamic/RACEHO.pdf>



Age and Sex Distribution 2005

<http://www.census.gov/population/www/pop-profile/files/dynamic/AgeSex.pdf>



U.S. Census Bureau: Minority Links

<http://www.census.gov/pubinfo/www/hotlinks.html>

U.S. Census Bureau: Minority Population Tops 100 Million (May 17, 2007)

<http://www.census.gov/Press-Release/www/releases/archives/population/010048.html>

The nation's minority population reached 100.7 million, according to the national and state estimates by race, Hispanic origin, sex and age released today by the U.S. Census Bureau. A year ago, the minority population totaled 98.3 million.

"About one in three U.S. residents is a minority," said Census Bureau Director Louis Kincannon. "To put this into perspective, there are more minorities in this country today than there were people in the United States in 1910. In fact, the minority population in the U.S. is larger than the total population of all but 11 countries."

The population in 1910 was 92.2 million. On Oct. 17, 2006, the Census Bureau reported that the overall population had topped 300 million.

California had a minority population of 20.7 million — 21 percent of the nation's total. Texas had a minority population of 12.2 million — 12 percent of the U.S. total.

There were other milestones reached as well during the July 1, 2005, to July 1, 2006, period: The nation's black population surpassed 40 million, while the Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander group reached the 1 million mark.

Hispanic remained the largest minority group, with 44.3 million on July 1, 2006 — 14.8 percent of the total population. Black was the second-largest minority group, totaling 40.2 million in 2006. They were followed by Asian (14.9 million), American Indian and Alaska Native (4.5 million), and Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (1 million). The population of non-Hispanic whites who indicated no other race totaled 198.7 million in 2006.

With a 3.4 percent increase between July 1, 2005, and July 1, 2006, Hispanic was the fastest-growing minority group. Asian was the second fastest-growing minority group, with a 3.2 percent population increase during the 2005-2006 period. The population of non-Hispanic whites who indicated no other race grew by 0.3 percent during the one-year period. (See Table 1 [Excel](#) | [PDF](#).)

Four states and the District of Columbia are "majority-minority." Hawaii led the nation with a population that was 75 percent minority in 2006, followed by the District of Columbia (68 percent), New Mexico (57 percent), California (57 percent) and Texas (52 percent). No other state had a minority population exceeding 42 percent of the total. (See Table 2 [Excel](#) | [PDF](#).)

Highlights for the various groups:

Hispanic

- Hispanics accounted for almost half (1.4 million) of the national population growth of 2.9 million between July 1, 2005, and July 1, 2006.
- California had the largest Hispanic population of any state as of July 1, 2006 (13.1 million), followed by Texas (8.4 million) and Florida (3.6 million). Texas had the largest numerical increase between 2005 and 2006 (305,000), with California (283,000) and Florida (161,000) following. In New Mexico, Hispanics comprised the highest proportion of the total population (44 percent), with California and Texas (36 percent each) next in line.

ELECTION PROJECT U.S. Population

- The Hispanic population in 2006 was much younger, with a median age of 27.4 compared with the population as a whole at 36.4. About a third of the Hispanic population was younger than 18, compared with one-fourth of the total population.

Black

- The black population increased by 1.3 percent, or 522,000, between 2005 and 2006.
- New York had the largest black population in 2006 (3.5 million), followed by Florida (3 million) and Texas (2.9 million). Texas had the largest numerical increase between 2005 and 2006 (135,000), with Georgia (101,000) and Florida (86,000) next. In the District of Columbia, the black population comprised the highest percentage (57 percent); Mississippi (37 percent) and Louisiana (32 percent) were next.
- The black population in 2006 was younger, with a median age of 30.1, compared with the population as a whole at 36.4. About 31 percent of the black population was younger than 18, compared with 25 percent of the total population.

Asian

- The Asian population rose by 3.2 percent, or 460,000, between 2005 and 2006.
- California had the largest Asian population on July 1, 2006 (5 million), as well as the largest numerical increase during the 2005 to 2006 period (114,000). New York (1.4 million) and Texas (882,000) followed in population; Texas (43,000) and New York (34,000) followed in numerical increase. In Hawaii, Asians made up the highest proportion of the total population (56 percent), with California (14 percent) and New Jersey and Washington (8 percent each) next.
- The Asian population in 2006 was younger with a median age of 33.5, compared with the population as a whole at 36.4.

American Indian and Alaska Native

- The American Indian and Alaska Native population rose by 1 percent or 45,000, from 2005 to 2006.
- California had the largest population of American Indians and Alaska Natives (689,000) on July 1, 2006, with Oklahoma (397,000) and Arizona (331,000) next. Arizona had the largest numerical increase (8,000) since July 1, 2005, followed by Texas (7,000) and Florida (4,000). In Alaska, American Indians and Alaska Natives made up the highest proportion of the total population (18 percent), with Oklahoma and New Mexico, at 11 percent each, next.
- The American Indian and Alaska Native population in 2006 was younger, with a median age of 31, compared with the population as a whole at 36.4. About 28 percent of the American Indian and Alaska Native population was younger than 18, compared with 25 percent of the total population.

Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander

- The Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander population rose by 1.7 percent, or 17,000, from 2005 to 2006.
- Hawaii had the largest population (275,000), followed by California (260,000) and Washington (49,000); California had the largest numerical increase (3,400) of people of this group, with Texas (2,000) and Florida (1,500) next. In Hawaii, Native Hawaiians and Other Pacific Islanders comprised the largest proportion (21 percent) of the total population, followed by Utah (1 percent) and Alaska (0.9 percent).
- The Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander population in 2006 was younger, with a median age of 28.6, compared with the population as a whole at 36.4. About 30 percent

of the Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander population was younger than 18, compared with 25 percent of the total population.

Non-Hispanic White

- The non-Hispanic, single-race white population, which represented 66 percent of the total population, accounted for less than a fifth (18 percent) of the nation's total population growth.
- California, New York and Texas had the largest population of this group (15.7 million, 11.7 million and 11.4 million, respectively), but Texas experienced the largest numerical increase (104,000), followed by North Carolina (91,000) and Arizona (78,000). Maine and Vermont had the highest proportion of single-race non-Hispanic whites (96 percent each), followed by West Virginia (94 percent).
- The non-Hispanic, single-race white population in 2006 was older than the population as a whole: The respective median ages were 40.5 and 36.4. About 21 percent of the population of this group was younger than 18, compared with 25 percent of the total population.

Also released today were tabulations by age, which showed:

- **States with the highest percentages of older people** (65 and older) include Florida (16.8 percent), West Virginia (15.3 percent) and Pennsylvania (15.2 percent). States with the lowest percentages were Alaska (6.8 percent), Utah (8.8 percent) and Georgia (9.7 percent).
- States with the highest percentages of preschoolers include Utah (9.7 percent), Texas (8.2 percent) and Arizona (7.8 percent). States with the lowest percentages were Vermont (5.3 percent), Maine (5.3 percent) and New Hampshire (5.6 percent).

Voter Turnout

Pew Research Center for the People & the Press:

[Likely Rise In Voter Turnout Bodes Well For Democrats](#)

Obama's Support is More Committed than McCain's but Many Remain Undecided. July 10, 2008

Even with a partisan enthusiasm gap, voter interest is already as high as in November of recent elections, two trends that may significantly alter the composition of the eventual electorate in the Democrats' favor. The proportion of swing voters is also up compared with four years ago. Nearly half of independents (47%) are undecided or may change their minds, up from 28% in June 2004.