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For further information, contact the Public Affairs Office, Library of Congress, 101 Independence Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20540-8610. Phone, 202-707-2905. Fax, 202-707-9199. Internet, [www.loc.gov](http://www.loc.gov).

## CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE

*Second and D Streets SW., Washington, DC 20515*  
Phone, 202-226-2600. Internet, [www.cbo.gov](http://www.cbo.gov).

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Deputy Director  
Special Assistant to the Director  
General Counsel  
Assistant Director for Business, Management,  
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J. MICHAEL GILMORE  
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*The Congressional Budget Office provides the Congress with economic analyses of alternative fiscal, budgetary, and programmatic policy issues, and with information and estimates required for the congressional budget process.*

The Congressional Budget Office (CBO) was established by the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 601), which also created a procedure by which the United States Congress considers and acts upon the annual Federal budget. This process enables the Congress to have an overview of the Federal budget and to make overall decisions regarding spending and taxing levels and the deficit or surplus these levels incur.

### Activities

**Economic Forecasting and Fiscal Policy Analysis** The Federal budget affects and is affected by the national economy. The Congressional Budget Office provides the Congress with biannual forecasts of the economy and analyses of economic trends and alternative fiscal policies.

**Scorekeeping** Under the budget process, the Congress establishes (by concurrent resolution), targets for overall expenditures, budget authority and budget outlays, and broad functional categories. The Congress also establishes targets for the levels of revenues, the deficit or surplus, and the public debt. The Office “keeps score” for the Congress by monitoring the results of congressional action on individual authorization, appropriation, and revenue bills against the targets specified in the concurrent resolution.

**Cost Projections** The Office prepares multiyear cost estimates for carrying out any public bill or resolution reported by

congressional committees. As soon as practicable after the beginning of each fiscal year, CBO also provides multiyear projections on the costs of continuing current Federal spending and taxation policies.

**Annual Report on the Budget** The Office is responsible for submitting to the House and Senate Budget Committees each year a report on fiscal policy that includes alternative spending and revenue levels and baseline projections of the Federal budget.

**Federal Mandates** To better assess the impact of laws on State, local, and tribal governments and the private sector, the Congress passed the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995. The act amends the Congressional Budget Act to require CBO to give authorizing committees a statement about whether reported bills contain Federal mandates. If the 5-year direct costs of an intergovernmental or private-sector mandate exceed specified thresholds, CBO must provide an estimate of those costs (if feasible) and the basis of the estimate.

**Budget-Related Studies** The Office undertakes studies requested by the Congress on budget-related areas. This service is provided in the following order of priority to the House and Senate Budget Committees, the House and Senate Appropriations Committees, the Senate Finance Committee, and the House Ways and Means Committee, and all other congressional committees.

**For further information, contact the Management, Business, and Information Services Division, Congressional Budget Office, Second and D Streets SW., Washington, DC 20515. Phone, 202-226-2600. Fax, 202-226-2714. Internet, [www.cbo.gov](http://www.cbo.gov).**



# Judicial Branch



# JUDICIAL BRANCH

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## THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

*United States Supreme Court Building  
One First Street NE., Washington, DC 20543  
Phone, 202-479-3000. Internet, www.supremecourtus.gov.*

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Chief Justice of the United States  
Associate Justices

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JOHN PAUL STEVENS, ANTONIN  
SCALIA, ANTHONY M. KENNEDY,  
DAVID H. SOUTER, CLARENCE  
THOMAS, RUTH BADER  
GINSBURG, STEPHEN G. BREYER,  
SAMUEL A. ALITO, JR.

### Officers:

Administrative Assistant to the Chief Justice  
Clerk  
Court Counsel  
Curator  
Director of Budget and Personnel  
Director of Data Systems  
Librarian  
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SALLY M. RIDER  
WILLIAM K. SUTER  
SCOTT S. HARRIS  
CATHERINE E. FITTS  
(VACANCY)  
DONNA CLEMENT  
JUDITH GASKELL  
PAMELA TALKIN  
KATHLEEN L. ARBERG  
FRANK D. WAGNER

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*Article III, section 1, of the Constitution of the United States provides that "[t]he judicial Power of the United States, shall be vested in one supreme Court, and in such inferior Courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish."*

The Supreme Court of the United States was created in accordance with this provision and by authority of the Judiciary Act of September 24, 1789 (1 Stat. 73). It was organized on February 2, 1790. Article III, section 2 of the Constitution defines the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court is comprised of the Chief Justice of the United States and such number of Associate Justices as may be fixed by Congress, which is currently fixed at eight (28 U.S.C. 1).

The President nominates the Justices with the advice and consent of the Senate. Article III, section 1, of the Constitution further provides that "[t]he Judges, both of the supreme and inferior Courts, shall hold their Offices during good Behaviour, and shall, at stated Times, receive for their Services, a Compensation, which shall not be diminished during their Continuance in Office."

Court officers assist the Court in the performance of its functions. They