Table 68. Population in Group Quarters by Sex, Age, and Group Quarters Type:

[In thousands (7,779 represents 7,779,000). As of April. For definitions of group quarters, see text, this section]

		Male				Female			
Group quarters type	Total popula- tion	Total	Under 18 years	18 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	Under 18 years	18 to 64 years	65 years and over
Total	7,779	4,502	215	3,740	548	3,276	108	1,722	1,446
Institutionalized population	4,059	2,534	122	1,968	444	1,525	36	292	1,197
Correctional institutions	1,976	1,806	19	1,773	14	170	2	166	2
Nursing homes	1,721	488	-	88	401	1,232	-	75	1,157
Hospitals/wards and hospices for chronically ill	40	20	1	10	9	20	1	6	14
wards "	79	50	7	37	6	29	4	18	7
Juvenile institutions	128	101	88	13	-	27	24	2	-
Other institutions	115	68	8	47	14	47	5	25	18
Noninstitutionalized population	3,720	1,968	93	1,772	104	1,751	72	1,431	249
College dormitories 1	2,064	958	5	952	-	1,107	5	1,101	-
Military quarters	355	307	1	306	-	48	1	47	-
Other noninstitutional group									
quarters	1,300	703	86	513	104	597	66	283	249

⁻ Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ Includes college quarters off campus.

Table 69. Self-Described Religious Identification of Adult Population: 1990 and 2001

[In thousands (175,440 represents 175,440,000). The American Religious Identification Survey (ARIS) 2001 was based on a random digit-dialed telephone survey of 50,281. American residential households in the continental U.S.A. (48 states). Respondents were asked to describe themselves in terms of religion with an open-ended question. Interviewers did not prompt or offer a suggested list of potential answers. Moreover, the self-description of respondents was not based on whether established religious bodies, institutions, churches, mosques or synagogues considered them to be members. Quite the contrary, the survey sought to determine whether the respondents themselves regarded themselves as adherents of a religious community. Subjective rather than objective standards of religious identification were tapped by the surveys]

Religious group	1990	2001	Religious group	1990	2001
Adult population, total ¹	175,440	207,980			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,	, ,	Fundamentalist	27	61
Total Christian	151,496	159,506	Salvation Army	27	25
Catholic	46,004	50,873	Independent Christian Church	25	71
Baptist	33,964	33,830	·		
Protestant-no denomination supplied	17,214	4,647	Total other religions	5,853	7,740
Methodist/Wesleyan	14,174	14,150	Jewish	3,137	2,831
Lutheran	9,110	9,580	Muslim/Islamic	527	1,104
Christian-no denomination supplied	8,073	14,150	Buddhist	401	1,082
Presbyterian	4,985	5,596	Unitarian/Universalist	502	629
Pentecostal/Charismatic	3,191	4,407	Hindu	227	766
Episcopalian/Anglican	3,042	3,451	Native American	47	103
Mormon/Latter-Day Saints	2,487	2,787	Scientologist	45	55
Churches of Christ	1,769	2,593	Baha'i	28	84
Jehovah's Witness	1,381	1,331	Taoist	23	40
Seventh-Day Adventist	668	724	New Age	20	68
Assemblies of God	660	1,106	Eckankar	18	26
Holiness/Holy	610	569	Rastafarian	14	11
Congregational/			Sikh	13	57
United Church of Christ	599	1,378	Wiccan	8	134
Church of the Nazarene	549	544	Deity	6	49
Church of God	531	944	Druid	(NA)	33
Orthodox (Eastern)	502	645	Santeria	(NA)	22
Evangelical 2	242	1,032	Pagan	(NA)	140
Mennonite	235	346	Spiritualist	(NA)	116
Christian Science	214	194	Ethical Culture	(NA)	4
Church of the Brethren	206	358	Other unclassified	837	386
Born Again ²	204	56	l		
Nondenominational *	195	2,489	No religion specified, total	14,331	29,481
Disciples of Christ	144	492	Atheist	(NA)	902
Reformed/Dutch Reform	161	289	Agnostic	1,186	991
Apostolic/New Apostolic	117	254	Humanist	29	49
Quaker	67	217	Secular	(NA)	. 53
Full Gospel	51	168	No religion	13,116	27,486
Christian Reform	40	79	l _		
Foursquare Gospel	28	70	Refused to reply to question	4,031	11,246

¹ Refers to the total number of adults in all fifty states. All other figures are based on projections from a continental United States (48 states). ² Because of the subjective nature of replies to open-ended surveys conducted in the continental United States (48 states). ² Because of the subjective nature of replies to open-ended question, these categories are the most unstable as they do not refer to clearly identifiable denominations as much as underlying feelings about religion. Thus they may be the most subject to fluctuation over time.

Source: 1990 data, Barry A. Kosmin and Seymour P. Lachman, "One Nation Under God: Religion in Contemporary American Society," 1993; 2001 data, The Graduate Center of the City University of New York, New York, NY, Barry A. Kosmin, Egon Mayer and Ariela Keysar, American Religious Identification Survey, 2001 (copyright).

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American FactFinder, PCT17. Group Quarters Population by Sex by Age by Group Quarters Type, Census 2000 Summary File 1 (SF 1) 100-Percent Data; http://factfinder.census.gov>.

Table 70. Religious Bodies—Selected Data

[Membership data: 2,500 represents 2,500,000. Includes the self-reported membership of religious bodies with 750,000 or more as reported to the Yearbook of American and Canadian Churches. Groups may be excluded if they do not supply information. The data are not standardized so comparisons between groups are difficult. The definition of "church member" is determined by the religious body]

Religious body	Year reported	Churches reported	Membership (1,000)
African Methodist Episcopal Church	1999	4,174	2,500
African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church, The	2003	3,236	1,433
American Baptist Churches in the U.S.A	2003	5,834	1,433
Assemblies of God	2003	12,222	2,730
Baptist Bible Fellowship International	2003	4,500	1,200
Catholic Church, The	2003	19,431	67,260
Christian Church (Disciples of Christ) in the United States and Canada	2003	3,717	771
Christian Churches and Churches of Christ	1988	5,579	1,072
Christian Methodist Episcopal Church	2002	3,300	850
Church of God (Cleveland, Tennessee)	2003	6,623	961
Church of God in Christ, The	1991	15,300	5,500
Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, The	2003	12,112	5,503
Churches of Christ	1999	15,000	1,500
Episcopal Church	2002	7,305	2,320
Evangelical Lutheran Church in America	2003	10,657	4,985
Greek Orthodox Archdiocese of America	2003	510	1,500
Jehovah's Witnesses	2003	12,054	1,041
Lutheran Church—Missouri Synod (LCMS), The	2003	6,160	2,489
National Baptist Convention of America, Inc	2000	(NA)	3,500
National Baptist Convention, U.S.A., Inc	(NA)	9,000	5,000
National Missionary Baptist Convention of America	1992	(NA)	2,500
Orthodox Church in America, The	2003	731	1,000
Pentecostal Assemblies of the World, Inc	1998	1,750	1,500
Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)	2003	11,064	3,241
Progressive National Baptist Convention, Inc	1995	2,000	2,500
Seventh-day Adventist Church	2003	4,683	935
Southern Baptist Convention	2003	42,972	16,440
United Church of Christ	2003	5,738	1,297
United Methodist Church, The	2002	35,102	8,251

NA Not available

Source: National Council of Churches, New York, NY, 2005 Yearbook of American & Canadian Churches, annual (copyright). (For more church-related information, visit http://www.ncccusa.org or call 888-870-3325).

Table 71. Christian Church Adherents, 2000, and Jewish Population, 2003—States

[133,377 represents 133,377,000. Christian church adherents were defined as "all members, including full members, their children and the estimated number of other regular participants who are not considered as communicants, confirmed or full members." The Jewish population includes Jews who define themselves as Jewish by religion as well as those who define themselves as Jewish in cultural terms. Data on Jewish population are based primarily on a compilation of individual estimates made by local Jewish federations. Additionally, most large communities have completed Jewish demographic surveys from which the Jewish population can be determined]

State	Christian Jewish adherents, 2000 population, 2003				State	Christian adherents, 2000		Jewish population, 2003	
State	Number (1,000)	Percent of population 1	Number (1,000)	Percent of population 1	State	Number (1,000)	Percent of population 1	Number (1,000)	Percent of population 1
U.S. AL. AK. AZ. AR. CO. CT. DE. DC. FL. GA. HI ID. IIN. IA KS. KY LAE. MBE. MMA	133,377 2,418 2,10 1,946 1,516 14,328 1,604 1,828 299 331 5,904 431 6,457 2,578 1,698 1,307 2,141 2,599 4,130 2,012 3,725	47.4 54.4 33.6 37.9 56.7 42.3 37.3 53.7 38.2 57.8 36.9 43.1 35.6 48.3 52.0 42.4 58.0 48.6 58.0 58.2 35.3 36.9 58.2	6,155 3 3 82 2 999 773 1111 144 266 620 94 7 7 18 8 6 6 14 12 16 9 213 275	2.2 0.2 0.5 1.6 0.1 2.9 1.7 3.3 1.7 4.5 3.9 1.1 0.6 0.1 2.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.4 4.7 4.9	MO	2,813 401 995 604 571 4,262 1,041 9,569 468 4,912 2,079 1,029 6,751 646 1,874 1,316 1,636 1,637 2,807 1,316	50.3 44.4 58.2 30.2 46.2 50.7 57.2 50.4 44.7 72.9 43.3 60.3 30.1 55.0 61.7 67.6 67.6 50.4 45.3 37.8 39.7 31.8	(1,000) 63 1 7 77 10 485 5 12 1,657 (Z) 149 5 322 282 16 11 (Z) 1,657 31 5 6 6 66 66 43	1.1 0.1 0.4 3.8 0.8 5.8 0.6 8.7 0.3 0.1 1.3 0.1 0.9 2.3 (Z) 0.3 0.6 0.2 0.9 0.9
MI MN MS	3,970 2,974 1,549	39.9 60.5 54.5	110 42 1	1.1 0.9 0.1	WV WI WY	646 3,198 229	35.7 59.6 46.4	2 28 (Z)	0.1 0.5 0.1

Z Fewer than 500 or .05 percent. ¹ Based on U.S. Census Bureau data for resident population enumerated as of April 1, 2000, and estimated as of July 1, 2003.

Source: Christian church adherents—Dale E. Jones, Sherri Doty, Clifford Grammich, James E. Horsch, Richard Houseal, John P. Marcum, Kenneth M. Sanchagrin, and Richard H. Taylor, *Religious Congregations and Membership in the United States: 2000*, Glenmary Research Center, Nashville, TN, 2002 (copyright); Jewish population—American Jewish Committee, New York, NY, American Jewish Year Book (copyright).